AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 1, 2003

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2003-04 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Joint Resolution

No. 21

Introduced by Assembly Member Longville

Assembly Members (Coauthors: Bermudez, Calderon. Canciamilla, Chan, Chavez, Chu, Cohn, Corbett, Diaz, Dutra, Dymally, Frommer, Goldberg, Hancock, Jackson, Kehoe, Koretz, Laird, Leno, Levine, Lieber, Lowenthal, Matthews, Montanez, Mullin, Nakano, Nation, Negrete McLeod, Nunez, Oropeza, Parra, Pavley, Reves, Ridley-Thomas, Salinas, Steinberg, Vargas, Wesson, Wiggins, and Wolk, Aghazarian, Bates, Benoit, Berg, Bough, Correa, Cox, Daucher, Dutton, Firebaugh, Garcia, Harman, Jerome Horton, Shirley Horton, Houston, Keene, Leslie, Liu, Maddox, Maldonado, Maze, McCarthy, Nakanishi, Pacheco, Plescia, Richman, Runner, Samuelian, Simitian, Spitzer, Strickland, Wyland, and Yee)

March 25, 2003

Assembly Joint Resolution No. 21—Relative to lifetime medical benefits provided to retired military personnel.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AJR 21, as amended, Longville. Retired military personnel medical benefits.

This measure would memorialize the Congress and the President of the United States to enact legislation to fulfill the commitment of the federal government to provide free lifetime medical care to those men and women who served 20 years in the military, and to refrain from enacting any legislation that would threaten the ability to fund all AJR 21 ____ 2 ___

commitments that the federal government has made to the men and women who have served this country in the United States military.

Fiscal committee: no.

WHEREAS, Military recruiters led individuals who entered the uniformed services prior to June 7, 1956, to believe they would be entitled to fully paid lifetime health care upon retirement; and

WHEREAS, As recently as 1991, military recruiters offered lifetime medical care to enlisted individuals and their families in return for 20 years of service in the military; and

WHEREAS, Statutes enacted in 1956 entitled those who entered service on or after June 7, 1956, and retired after serving a minimum of 20 years or earlier, by reason of a service-connected disability, to medical and dental care in any facility of the uniformed services, subject to the availability of space and facilities and the capabilities of the medical and dental staff; and

WHEREAS, After four rounds of base closures between 1988 and 1995 and further drawdowns of remaining military medical treatment facilities, access to "space available" health care in a military medical treatment facility is virtually nonexistent for many military retirees; and

WHEREAS, The United States Court of Appeals ruled in Schism v. United States (Fed.Cir. 2002) 316 F.3d 1259 that the federal government is not bound to honor the commitments made by military recruiters to provide lifetime health care to veterans who served 20 years in the military, unless those commitments were approved by Congress and the President; and

WHEREAS, Since the 1995 creation of TRICARE, a program to provide health care benefits to military retirees, retired service members who qualify for Medicare have been denied free health care benefits beyond Medicare coverage; and

WHEREAS, Recent federal budget plans proposed cutting funding to the Department of Veterans Affairs by \$15 billion over the next decade to help make room for proposed tax cuts; and

WHEREAS, California is home to thousands of men and women who have risked and are now risking their lives while serving in the United States Armed Forces and in the California National Guard; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly and Senate of the State of California, jointly, That the Legislature of the State of California hereby

3 AJR 21

memorializes Congress to enact and the President of the United States to sign legislation to fulfill the commitment of the federal government to provide free lifetime medical care to those men and women who served 20 years in the military; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature memorializes Congress to refrain from enacting and the President to refrain from signing any legislation that will threaten the ability to fund all commitments that the federal government has made to the men and women who have served this country in the United States military; and be it further

further
Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
of this resolution to the President of the United States, to the
Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, to the

Senate Majority Leader, and to each Senator and Representative

15 from California in the Congress of the United States.

5

6